

Advanced travel demand modeling with Agent Not for re-distribution



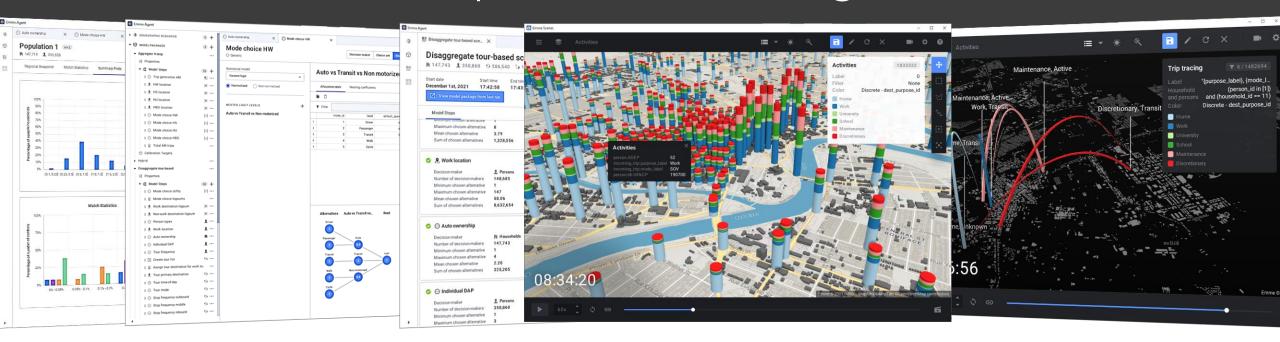
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Disclaimer Statement

Release plans and timelines are forward-looking estimates and projections only. There can be no assurance that Bentley will be able to meet such estimates or projections by the dates specified, or at all. Do not make purchase decisions based on forward looking roadmaps.



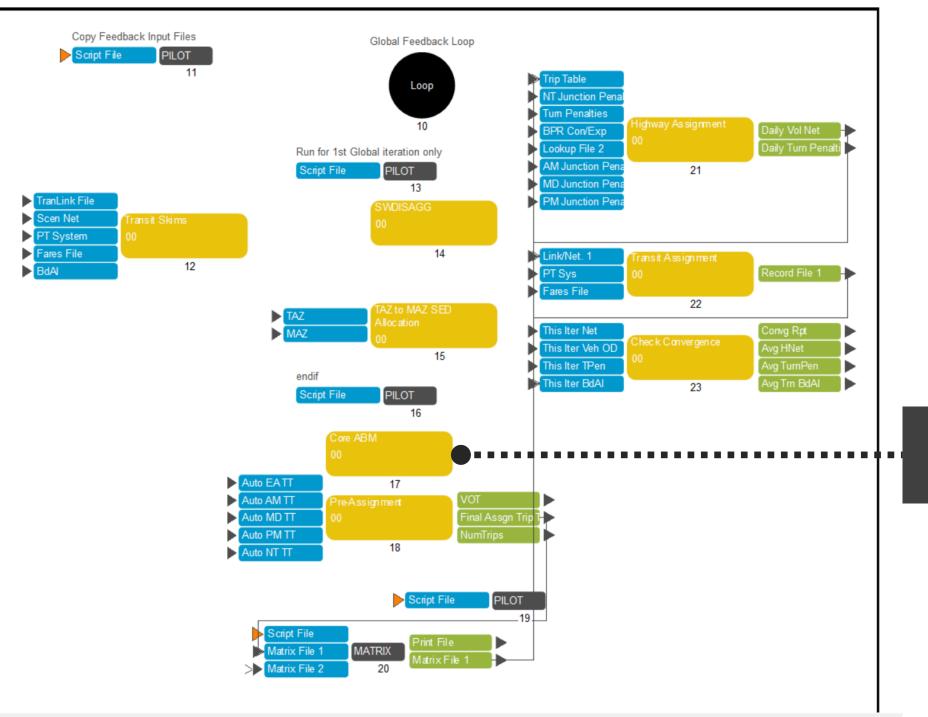
Agent is a flexible platform to assemble, calibrate and apply activity-based (ABM) and advanced travel demand models including 4-step for improved forecasting



- Assemble virtually any travel demand model structure from 4step to ABM
- Maintain different model structures or versions in parallel
- Leverage automated calibration procedures to combine disparate data sources for improved model results
- Upgrade and advance models over time with new features
- Enjoy ease-of-use and transparent access to a full travel demand model UI

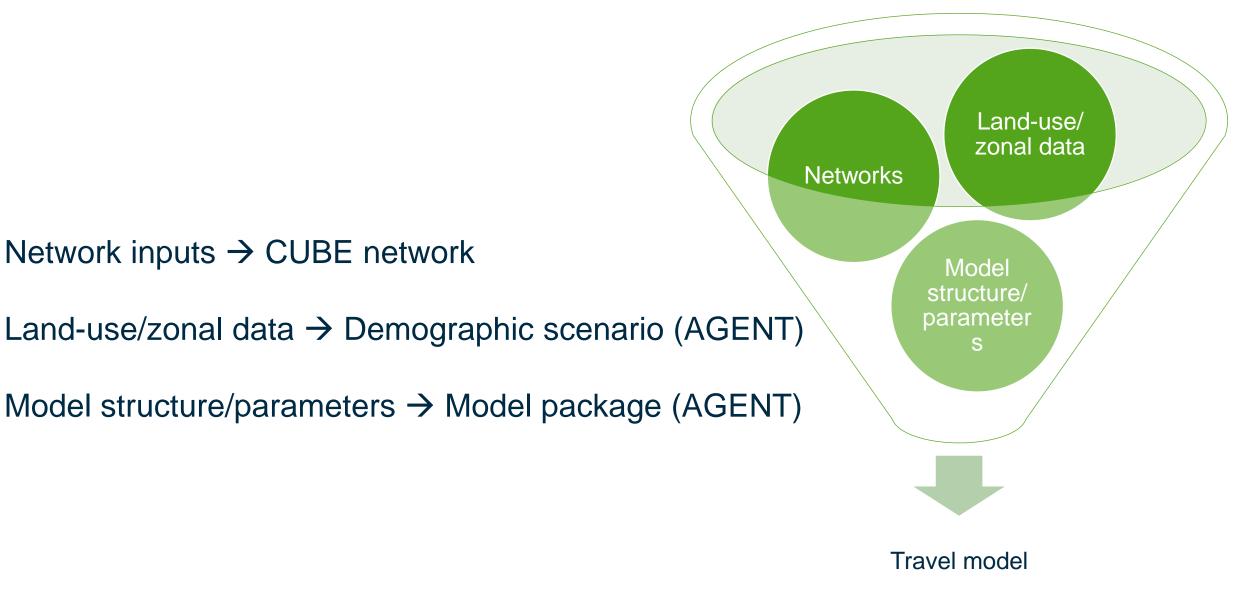
An advanced platform for travel demand modeling

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	✓ Hybrid	••• 🖥 Model Steps 32
	± Properties	III 💬 Mode choice utility [III]
▼ Aggregate four-step	*** 🛱 Model Steps	20 🕂 🏽 🖬 Mode choice logsums
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Calibration Targets	🗄 🙎 Trip distribution for mainte	enance 😿 🚥 🖩 💬 Stop frequency outbound 🛛 😳
	# 🙎 Trip distribution for discret	tionary 😿 🚥 🛙 😳 Stop frequency middle 🛛 😳
	II 💮 Mode choice for work	[iii] •••• III 💬 Stop frequency inbound 📀
	🗄 💮 Mode choice for university	y 🛛 [;;:] 🚥 :: 💬 First stop outbound purpose 📀
	II 💮 Mode choice for school	[iii] •••• III 💬 Second stop outbound purpose 🛛 🔞
	🗄 💮 Mode choice for maintena	ance 🛯 📰 🚥 🗄 💬 Third stop outbound purpose 🛛 😏
	II 💮 Mode choice for discretion	nary 🛛 🖽 🚥 🖓 First stop middle purpose 📀
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	Calibration Targets	:: 💬 First stop inbound purpose 📀
		∷ ☉ Second stop inbound purpose 📀
/IUG meeting attendees not for re-dis	stribution.	∷ ☉ Third stop inbound purpose 📀



AGENT replaces existing ABM/Demand model box in your current CUBE application

Typical inputs for travel model



Demographic scenario





Demographic scenario

Groups together multiple zones (zone hierarchy) with associated data, samples and synthetic population

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Zonal inputs preparation:

- Existing CUBE scripts
- Prepare inputs in CSV format
- Create a new demographic scenario

Model package





Model package

- Demand model can be decomposed as a sequence of choice models and intermediate data processing
- Model package is the sequence of choice model and data processing configuration

DEMOGRAPHIC SCENARIOS	2 +
MODEL PACKAGES	5 +
Aggregate 4-step	
 Hybrid 	
▶ (☐ Model Steps	21 +
② Calibration Targets	
 Disaggregate tour-based 	•••
📑 Properties	
▼ (⊟ Model Steps	31 +
 Mode choice utility 	[:::] • • •
Mode choice logsums	•••
🙎 Work destination logsum	(m)
🙎 Non-work destination logsum	50,
 Person types 	<u>+</u> ···
🙎 Work location	<u>+</u> ···
 Auto ownership 	n ley

Model package: Examples

Demo:

- 4-step model
- Lima ABM

 Aggr 	Aggregate four-step			••••
<u></u>	orop	erties		
• (2	S Mo	odel Steps	11	+
	:	Calculate utilities by mode, purpose, t	od [:::]	•••
		Compute size terms		•••
	: #	TOD mode choice logsums		•••
*	. 🔊	Destination choice logsums		• • •
	:	Trip generation		• • •
*	. 🔊	Constrained home-based distribution	51	•••
*	. 🔊	Unconstrained trip distribution	51	• • •
*	:	Time of day by direction	[:::]	• • •
*	:	PA to OD		• • •
*	:	Mode choice	[:::]	•••
	: 🖩	Matrices for assignment		•••
0	Calib	ration Targets		

•	Basic ABM		

🗄 🖩 Tag trip directions

🥂 Trip destination

正 Properties ▼ (⊟ Model Steps [iii] •••• 🗄 💬 Calculate utilities by mode, purpose, tod ···· 🗄 💬 Compute size terms **H** TOD mode choice logsums . . . 🗄 🧟 Destination choice logsums <u>h</u> ... 🗄 💬 Person types II I TAG pt workers . . . 🗄 🧟 Work location 1 School location 1 : ... Tour frequency 1 # + Create tour list 00 ... 🗄 🖩 Assign tour destination for work and school tours . . . 🗄 🕭 Non mandatory tour destination 00 ... 0 ... 🗄 💬 Tour mode choice 00 ... 🗄 💬 Stop frequency outbound 0 ... :: ··· Stop frequency inbound 00 ... 🗄 💬 Stop frequency middle Q 🗄 🖩 Create insert into trip attributes . . . 🗄 🛨 Create trip list 0 ...

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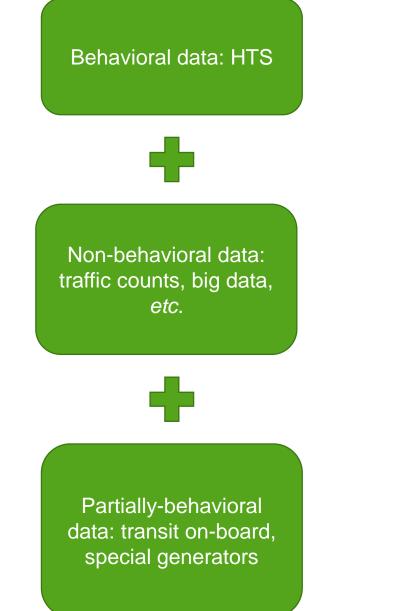
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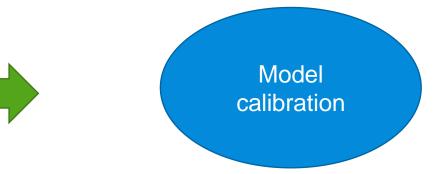
Integration of different data sources in systematic calibration of travel demand model system











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Integration of data sources, instead of using them one-by-one

Working example using Lima ABM

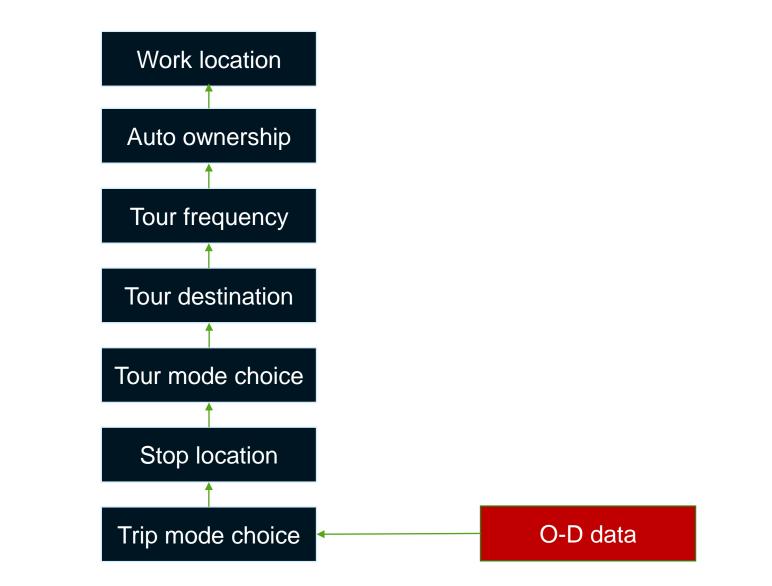
- Calibration to StreetLight O-D data
- Ongoing steps:
 - Configuration of calibration to counts
 - Configuration of calibration to StreetLight data + counts (data integration)



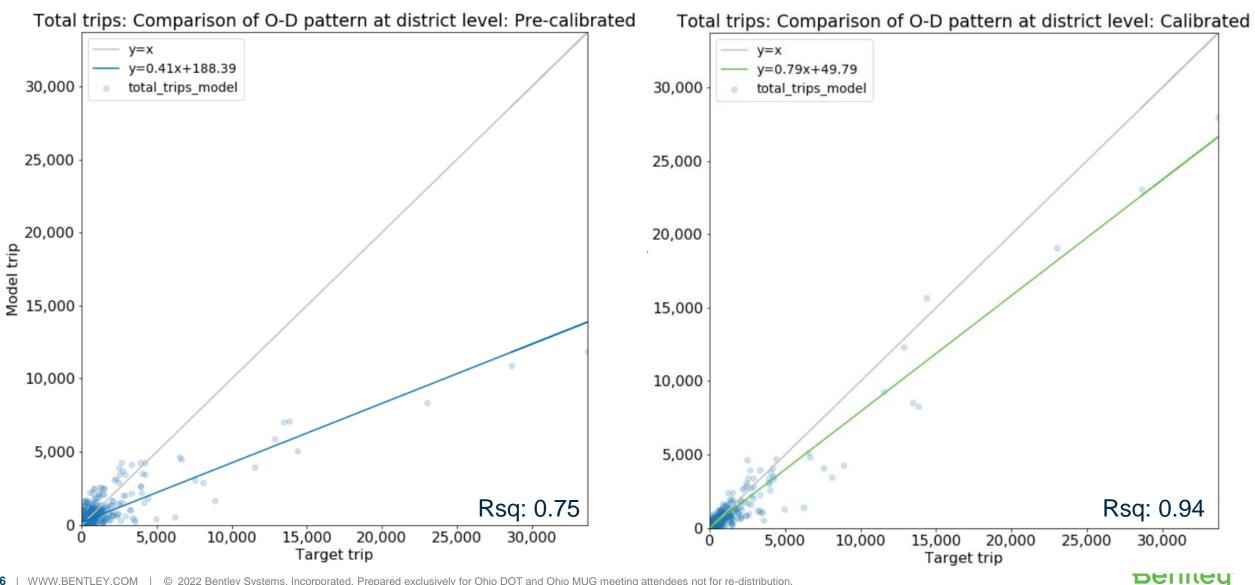
What model parameters are affected by the StreetLight data?

- Dispersion coefficient
- Intra-zonal preference
- Auto ownership constants
- Tour frequency constants
- Dispersion coefficient
- Intra-zonal preference
- Attraction rates

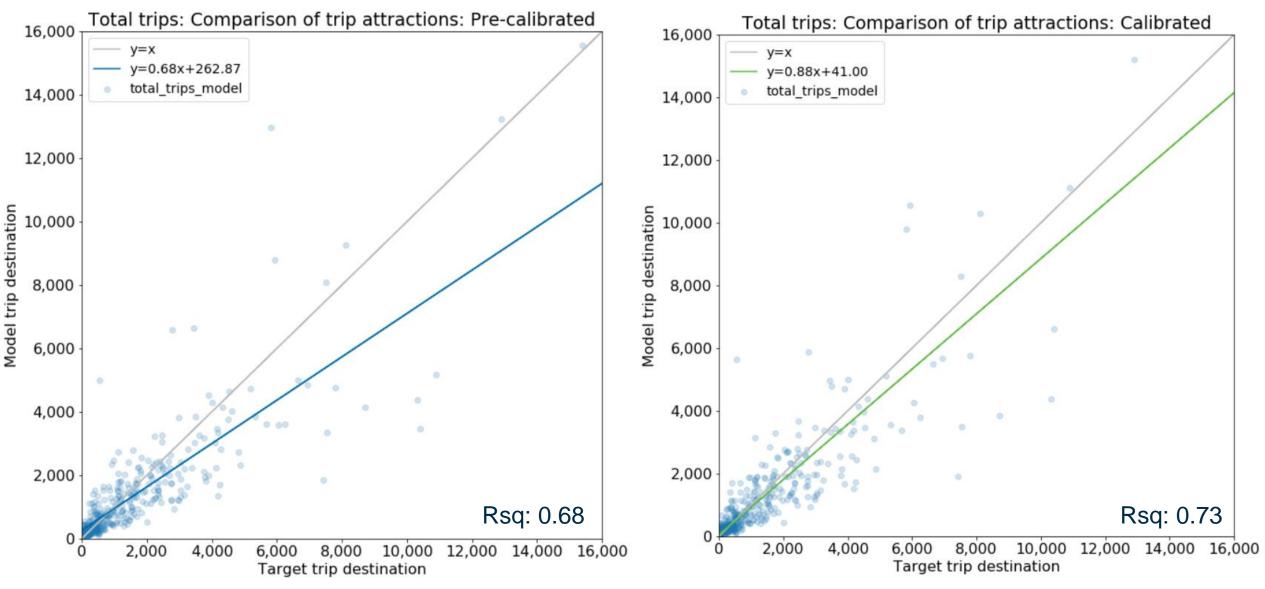
- Dispersion coefficient
- Intra-zonal preference
- Attraction rates



Calibration results: Validation of district level flow

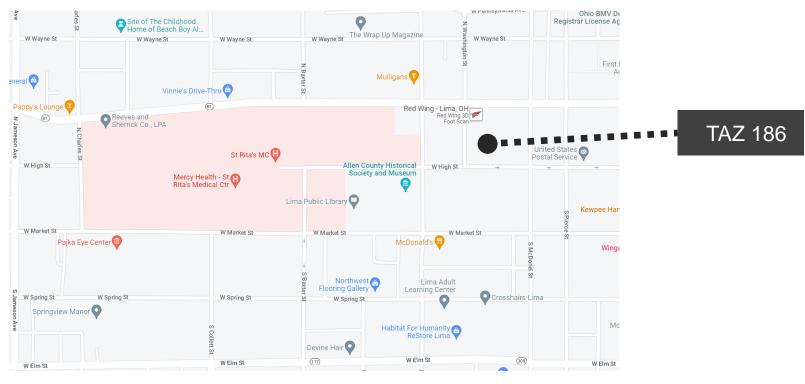


Calibration results : Validation of trip attractions

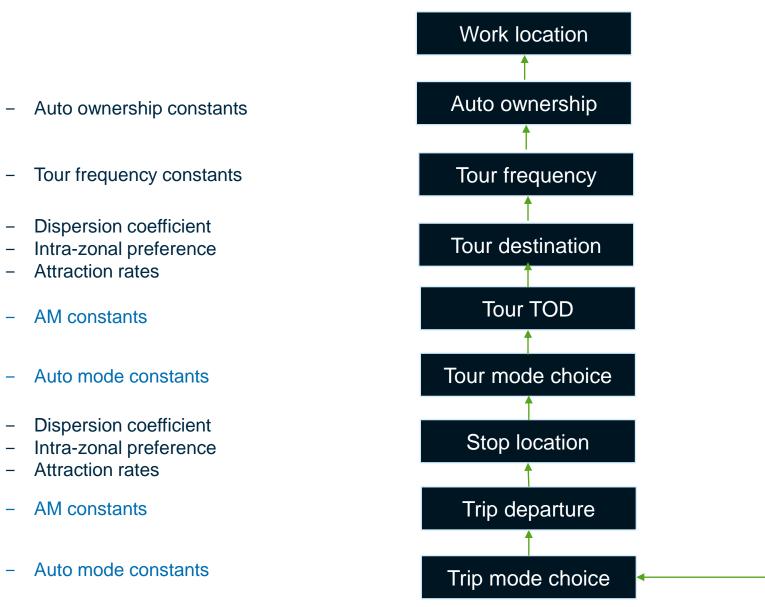


Calibration procedure as a data outlier screening tool

TAZ ID		Total trips in the model	Population	Total employment
186	533	5,235	49	1,052
319	15	89	83	150



What model parameters are affected by the AM traffic counts?



AM traffic counts

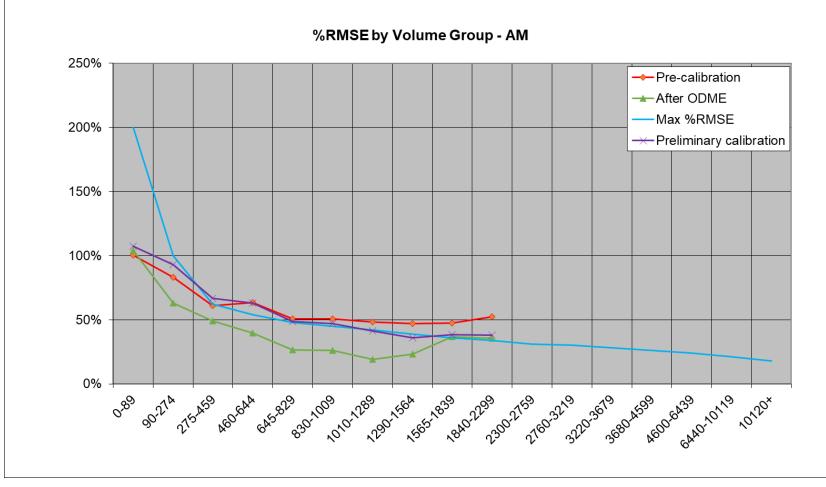
Preliminary calibration result: AM traffic counts

 3 global iterations for updating LOS (equilibration) 3 internal iterations for each global

iteration for updating calibration parameters

<u>%RMSE</u>

Pre-calibration	= 91%
After ODME	= 59%
Preliminary calibration	= 82%



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Calibrated %RMSE will always be between pre-calibration and after ODME